Timeline

2015 Draft -Wastewater Rate Study

A rate study marked (2015 DRAFT) was initially prepared by Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc and funded as part of a CWSRF Planning Application (Project 7849-110). The purpose of the rate study was to evaluate and recommend wastewater rates that accurately reflect the cost to serve customers and address the needs of treatment alternatives. The study was developed using the 2014/2015 operating cost and anticipated capital needs.

Three treatment plan alternatives that were feasible for the WWTP considering the flow capacity and other conditions included a membrane bioreactor, oxidation ditch, and land (pond) based treatment. The project objectives were to increase storage in pond 4, replace chlorine contact basin & effluent filters, replace 3 ponds with title 22 mechanical treatment process, and build additional storage. While the recommended project addressed WWTP deficiencies, a significant increase to the current sewer rates would be required to fund the capital and on-going cost of the recommended improvements creating a financial burden on the district rate payers. The draft analyzed five funding scenarios using the Weber, Ghio, & Associates 2014 Project Reports. The conclusion and recommendation in the 2015 draft report was to utilize funding scenario 3 and apply for loans, CWSRF grant, use available reserves, and raise rates as shown on page 13.

The draft was presented to the Board at the October 15, 2015, board meeting. Based on the extreme rate increase recommendations the district managers decided to reevaluate the proposed project.

After consideration of the WWTP 2014 project to construct treatment alternatives such as an oxidation ditch and adding effluent storage, a significant increase to the current sewer rates would have been required to fund capital and ongoing costs of the improvement. The district managers wanted to investigate current existing issues and what corrections needed to be made. These changes amended the project cost and description of future upgrades.

2016 Final Wastewater Rate Study

The district hired Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. to replace Weber, Ghio, and Associates. Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. prepared an updated WWTP facilities project (WWTP Upgrade I) and CIP in 2016. A revised wastewater rate study was conducted using the 2016/2017 proposed budget, 2016 WWTP facilities project report, and CIP. The 2016 WWTP facilities project (WWTP Upgrade I) was intended to be a lower cost alternative that would improve reliability and deficiencies. It was reported that due to budgetary constraints, treatment alternatives will not be evaluated as part of the new project. The goal of the new project was to improve hydraulic capacity and treatment capability of the existing pond system. Included in the new project report was to relocate the headworks facilities to the plant and new influent screening technology, influent pump station and pipeline, pond aeration system, increase effluent storage in pond 4, new chlorine contact basin, and sludge removal. For the district to be in compliance with the current WDR's, upgrades were required.

The final wastewater rate study analyzed three funding scenarios. All scenarios were based on no rate increase for 10 years at the direction of management. In addition, only 3 operating expenses accounted for basic inflation, 3% for maintenance/repairs/supplies, 4% & 5% for other/utilities,

and wages projected an increase of a flat rate increase of \$6,000 per year. The remaining expense accounts stayed the same over a 10-year period. See page 26.

Actual expenses for the years on page 26 have been noted and do not account for current debt service. The covid pandemic was unforeseen and therefore actual expenses dramatically increased versus the projections due to record high inflation.

The WWTP Upgrade I was completed in 2021 at an estimated cost of 5.5 million of which 75% was grant funded and 25% was debt financed.

2017 Fiscal Sustainability Plan (FSP)

In 2017, Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. prepared a Fiscal Sustainability Plan. The purpose of the plan was to assist with fiscal planning for long-term management of assets and making future cost-effective decisions. The FSP is a living document that has not been updated since 2017.

<u>Today</u>

The MSD Board of Directors continue to discuss when or if the district should have a rate study to review the financial health of the district. The district has not initiated rate increases since 2009. The current wastewater rate for customers is a fixed rate of \$60 per month. Commercial billing is calculated based on usage and has not been recalculated since 2018. Commercial businesses have been paying the same rate regardless of usage since. There is no ordinance outlining the billing cycle of commercial billing, although letters in business files indicate annually. The methodology of commercial billing is outlined in the ordinance.

Most major upgrades and repairs have been deferred until maintenance or replacement is required or was assisted with grant awards to complete. Securing grant awards continues to be the goal of the board and district management. In addition to grant awards, management is continually seeking alternative future funding.

A wastewater rate study proposal was submitted to the board by Hansford Economic Consulting (HEC). The analysis would estimate the District's revenue requirement and the current rate structure will be assessed for alignment with current district goals and objectives. Alternative rate structures may be discussed outlining rate calculations for commercial accounts.

Management has advised Black Water Engineering, Inc. of the need to update the FSP and CIP to align with current and anticipated district assets and fiscal planning. Especially, if or when a rate study is approved the two living documents will play vital roles in the planning.

MURPHYS SANITARY DISTRICT WASTEWATER RATE STUDY

DRAFT

September 2015

Prepared for:

Murphys Sanitary District 90 Big Trees Road, Suite B Murphys, CA 95247

Prepared by:

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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This rate study was conducted by Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. (Black Water) to evaluate and recommend wastewater rates that accurately reflect the cost to serve customers served by the Murphys Sanitary District (MSD). The wastewater rates discussed herein are developed using 2014-15 operating costs to conduct MSD's normal day-to-day operations, and anticipated operating and capital needs.

1.2 Background

Murhpys is a small historical town of approximately 4 square miles in the Sierra Nevada Mountains and has a population of approximately 2,000 residents. A wastewater treatment plant (WWTP), owned and operated by MSD, serves the small community. The WWTP provides equivalent secondary treatment via pond treatment. Disinfected effluent is discharged to be used for agricultural irrigation.

Section 2 Wastewater Utility Financial Planning

2.1 Operating Revenue

The current wastewater rate for residential customers is a fixed charge of \$60 per month. This fixed rate is considered to be one Equivalent Single Family Unit (ESFU). Most single family residences are assigned one ESFU, while commercial customers are assigned multiple ESFUs dependent on the volume of wastewater generated.

Revenues from customer rates are the primary source of income to MSD and are the most reliable and stable source of income. A summary of ESFUs assigned to each customer group, along with the associated rates and revenues for MSD are shown in Table 2.1. Non-recurring revenue sources, such as penalty and reconnection fees and new connections, are considered non-operating and are not included when determining monthly budgets. Interests gained from reserve accounts are not included in this rate study as the revenue generated from these can vary greatly over time. Revenue from non-operating sources should be applied towards reserves or debt payments at the District's discretion.

Table 2.1 – Summary of Current Wastewater Rates and Revenue

Description	Monthly Rates	No. of Accounts (ESFU)	Monthly Revenue	Annual Revenue
Residential	\$60.00	931.27	\$55,876.20	\$670,514.40
Commercial	\$60.00	233.97	\$14,038.20	\$168,458.40
Total	-	1165.24	\$69,914.40	\$838,972.80

2.2 Customer Growth

In July 2014, Weber, Ghio & Associates prepared the Murphy's Sanitary District Project Report [2] (2014 Project Report) which evaluated long-term solutions for the concerns and needs of the MSD WWTP. The



2014 Project Report determined that the anticipated service growth of the District will occur at a rate of 1.7% per year. See Table 2.2 for anticipated growth trends.

Table 2.2 – Projection of Number of Customers

Description	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Number of Residential Customers (ESFU)	931.27	947.10	963.20	979.58	996.23	1013.17
Number of Commercial Customers (ESFU)	1,165.24	1,185.05	1,205.19	1,225.68	1,246.52	1,267.71

2.3 Operation Expenses

Operating and maintenance (O&M) costs are the day-to-day expenses that are required to provide wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal to customers. Expenses include administration, labor, water quality testing, insurance, materials, electricity and chemicals. These expenses are increasing due to inflation and rising energy costs. An O&M expense of \$773,719 has been estimated for the fiscal year 2014/15, as shown in the approved 2014/2015 budget provided in Appendix A. Projected annual increases of expenses are presented in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 – Operation Expenses

Expenses	2014/15	Annual %	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
00000	Budget	Increase	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Wages	\$249,100.00	3.00%	\$256,573.00	\$264,270.19	\$272,198.30	\$280,364.24	\$288.775.17
Employee Benefits	\$86,483.93	3.00%	\$89,078.45	\$91,750.80	\$94,503.33	\$97,338.43	\$100,258.58
PR Taxes	\$31,909.31	3.00%	\$32,866.59	\$33,852.59	\$34,868.16	\$35,914.21	\$36,991.64
Workman's Comp	\$20,200.00	3.00%	\$20,806.00	\$21,430.18	\$22,073.09	\$22,735.28	\$23,417.34
Maintenance & Repairs	\$42,500.00	3.00%	\$43,775.00	\$45,088.25	\$46,440.90	\$47,834.12	\$49,269.15
Operations Supplies	\$53,000.00	3.00%	\$54,590.00	\$56,227.70	\$57,914.53	\$59,651.97	\$61,441.53
Operations Utilities	\$30,500.00	2.00%	\$32,025.00	\$33,626.25	\$35,307.56	\$37,072.94	\$38,926.59
Other Maintenance	\$62,581.00	4.00%	\$65,084.24	\$67,687.61	\$70,395.11	\$73,210.92	\$76,139.36
Rents - Leases	\$4,920.00		\$4,920.00	\$4,920.00	\$4,920.00	\$4,920.00	\$4,920.00
Administrative Supplies	\$18,500.00	3.00%	\$19,055.00	\$19,626.65	\$20,215.45	\$20,821.91	\$21,446.57
Administrative Utilities	\$7,500.00	2.00%	\$7,875.00	\$8,268.75	\$8,682.19	\$9,116.30	\$9,572.11
Other Administrative	\$63,025.00	4.00%	\$65,546.00	\$68,167.84	\$70,894.55	\$73,730.34	\$76,679.55
Insurance	\$16,000.00		\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00	\$16,000.00
Professional Services	\$32,500.00		\$32,500.00	\$32,500.00	\$32,500.00	\$32,500.00	\$32,500.00
License - Permits	\$23,000.00		\$23,000.00	\$23,000.00	\$23,000.00	\$23,000.00	\$23,000.00
Marketing	\$2,000.00		\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Engineering	\$30,000.00		\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00
Total	\$773,719.24		\$795,694.28	\$818,416.81	\$841,913.17	\$866,210.65	\$891,337.57
Actual	596,040		581,032	647587	43966		7 750, 703



2.4 Capital Improvement Program

The Weber, Ghio & Associates 2014 Project Report [2] recommended a new Oxidation Ditch and other process improvements to remove biodegradable organics at the WWTP at an estimated cost of \$5,106,500 for this capital improvement. See Appendix B for the detailed capital improvement cost estimates.

2.5 Wastewater Utility System Reserves

Reserve balances are funds that are set aside for a specific cash flow requirement, financial need, project, task or legal covenant. A sufficient reserve helps to assure that the utility will have adequate funds available to meet all of its financial obligations, especially in times of varying needs. MSD should maintain a reserve adequate to cover the following services:

2.5.1 Debt Service Reserve

Wastewater utilities that have debt to pay for capital assets will often have required reserves that are specifically defined to meet the legal covenants of the debt for an entire year. MSD currently has two loans, with annual payments of \$9,302 until 2018; and \$24,047 until 2024. An annual debt service of \$33,349 has been included for the fiscal year 2014/15, as provided in the approved 2014/2015 budget given in Appendix A. The recommended debt service reserve for MSD is \$33,349 and represents an amount equal to one full annual loan payment. This amount will change as debts are payed off and/or new debts are acquired.

2.5.2 Operating Reserve

Operating reserves are established to provide the utility with the ability to withstand short term cash flow fluctuations. For example, often times there can be a significant length of time between when a utility system provides a service and when a customer has the ability to pay for that service. In addition, a utility system's cash flow can be affected by weather and seasonal demand patterns. Because of potential unexpected cash flow demands, many utilities attempt to keep an amount of cash equal to at least 45 days, approximately one-eighth of their annual O&M expenses, in an operating reserve. Using the assumed operating expenses of \$773,719.24 for fiscal year 2014/15, the recommended 45 days operating reserve to mitigate potential cash flow problems for MSD is \$95,390.04. As the projected operating cost increases, as shown on Table 2.3, the recommended operating reserve will increase as well.

2.5.3 Emergency Reserve

In addition to operating reserves, emergency reserves are an important tool for financial sustainability. Emergency reserves are intended to help utilities deal with short-term emergencies which arise from time to time, such as main breaks or equipment failures. The appropriate amount of emergency reserve is dependent on major infrastructure assets and intended to fund the immediate replacement or reconstruction of the system's single most critical asset; an asset whose failure will result in an immediate interruption of service or threat of public safety. The most expensive critical component is the Hydro Flusher with a recommended emergency reserve of \$42,000.



2.5.4 Capital Improvement Reserve

A capital improvement reserve is intended to provide funds for anticipated capital improvements (C.I.). MSD is currently developing a plan for expansion and adding major improvements to the existing WWTP. The full scope and costs of the improvements have not yet been determined, therefore will not be included as part of this analysis. For this rate study, a 5-percent project cost of the recommended improvements from the 2014 Project Report, \$255,325, will be used as the recommended C.I. Reserve. It is recommended that MSD fund the capital improvement reserves for future improvements based on the age and replacement costs of the new equipment when it has been purchased. Rates that will cover funding of those reserves should be established at that time.

2.4.5 Recommended Reserves Summary

The total recommended reserves for MSD to adequately meet all financial obligations are summarized in Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 – Recommended	Reserves	for	2014	/15	FY	,
-------------------------	----------	-----	------	-----	----	---

Reserve	A	Mount
Debt Service Reserve		\$33,349
Operating Reserve	+	\$95,390
Emergency Reserve	+	\$42,000
Capital Improvement Reserve	+	\$255,325
Total Recommended Reserves		\$426,064

At the time of this rate study, MSD had an available reserve balance of \$1,082,715, which is greater than the recommended reserves of \$426,064 outlined above. Due to the volatility of operating costs it is recommended that MSD continue contributing annual surplus to the reserve funds even if the recommended funds are available in an effort to avoid having to rely on dept to pay for expenses.

2.6 Affordability Index

The affordability index (AI) measures the burden of costs passed from the wastewater utility to the users against the median household income (MHI) for the area and is used by funding agencies to determine eligibility for grants and low interest loans. Many funding agencies look for a minimum affordability ratio of 1.5-percent before approving grant money to low income communities.

$$AI = \left(\frac{Average\ Residential\ Annual\ Bill}{MHI}\right) \times 100\%$$

Pursuant to the 2008-2012 American Community Service (ACS) data, Murphys has an estimated MHI of \$44,377. Under MSD's current rate structure the affordability index computes at 1.62-percent, and therefore, it is recommended that MSD apply for grants and low-income eligible loans for its capital improvement expenses.



2.7 Wastewater Rate Scenarios and Assessment

This Rate Study analyzed five scenarios using the 2014 Project Reports recommended C.I. discussed in section 2.5.

2.7.1 Scenario 1 - No C.I.

Scenario 1 would not pursue the C.I. outlined in the 2014 Project Report. No increase in sewer rates would be necessary as the available reserves would sufficiently cover the increasing costs of operation, as shown in Table 2.5. Beyond FY 2024/25 the adequacy of current rates to meet target reserves would need to be reevaluated.

Table 2.5 - Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 1 - No C.I.)

2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
\$773,719	\$795,694	\$818,417	\$841,913	\$866,211	\$891,338
\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349		\$24,047
\$807,068	\$829,043	\$851,766	\$875,262	\$890,258	\$915,385
1165	1185	1205	1226	1247	1268
\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00		\$60.00
\$838,973	\$853,235	\$867,740	\$882,492	\$897,494	\$912,752
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
\$31,905	\$24,192	\$15,975	\$7,230	\$7,237	(\$2,633)
\$1,114,620	\$1,138,812	\$1,154,786	\$1,162,016	\$1,169,253	\$1,166,620
	\$773,719 \$33,349 \$807,068 1165 \$60.00 \$838,973 0.0%	Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$807,068 \$829,043 1165 1185 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 0.0% 0.0% \$31,905 \$24,192	Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$807,068 \$829,043 \$851,766 1165 1185 1205 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$867,740 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% \$31,905 \$24,192 \$15,975	Budget Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$841,913 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$807,068 \$829,043 \$851,766 \$875,262 1165 1185 1205 1226 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$867,740 \$882,492 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% \$31,905 \$24,192 \$15,975 \$7,230	Budget Budget Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$841,913 \$866,211 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$24,047 \$807,068 \$829,043 \$851,766 \$875,262 \$890,258 1165 1185 1205 1226 1247 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$867,740 \$882,492 \$897,494 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% \$31,905 \$24,192 \$15,975 \$7,230 \$7,237

¹ From Table 2.3

² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

2.7.2 Scenario 2 -C.I. Funded with Grants, Reserves and Rate Increases

Scenario 2 would seek a Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) grant (or loan with principal forgiveness) to fund half of the construction costs for the C.I., \$2,553,250. The remaining cost would be paid for by increasing service rates until the available C.I. reserves can cover the remaining cost and maintain the recommended reserves. The increase in sewer rates would reflect the building reserves, inflation of operational costs and an additional \$60,000 annual operational cost for the new WWTP additions, as shown in Table 2.6a and 2.6b. See Appendix C for the monthly fee calculations.

Table 2.6a – Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 2 – Capital Improvements Funded with Grants, Reserves and Rate Increases)

Description	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Description	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$773,719	\$795,694	\$818,417	\$841,913	\$866,211	\$891,338
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$24,047	\$24,047
C.I. Costs ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Required Revenue	\$807,068	\$829,043	\$851,766	\$875,262	\$890,258	\$915,385
						¥
Number of ESFR 4	1165	1185	1205	1226	1247	1268
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$60.00	\$63.50	\$67.00	\$71.00	\$73.00	\$75.00
Annual Revenue	\$838,973	\$903,007	\$968,977	\$1,044,282	\$1,091,951	\$1,140,940
Rate Increase (%)	0.0%	5.8%	5.5%	6.0%	2.8%	2.7%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$31,905	\$73,964	\$117,211	\$169,020	\$201,694	\$225,555
Available Reserves	\$1,114,620	\$1,188,584	\$1,305,795	\$1,474,815	\$1,676,508	\$1,902,064

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2024/25.

² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ Capital cost of \$2,553,250 to be funded with increasing rates from 2015/16 until 2024/2025. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

Table 2.6b - Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 2) continued

Description	2020/21 Budget	2021/22 Budget	2022/23 Budget	2023/24 Budget	2024/25 Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$916,741	\$942,868	\$969,740	\$997,377	\$1,085,802
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047
C.I. Costs ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,553,250
Required Revenue	\$940,788	\$966,915	\$993,787	\$1,021,424	\$3,663,099
Number of ESFR ⁴	1289	1311	1333	1356	1379
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$76.00	\$77.00	\$78.00	\$79.00	\$80.00
Annual Revenue	\$1,175,807	\$1,211,530	\$1,248,127	\$1,285,619	\$1,324,025
Rate Increase (%)	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$235,019	\$244,615	\$254,341	\$264,195	(\$2,339,074)
Available Reserves	\$2,137,083	\$2,381,697	\$2,636,038	\$2,900,233	\$561,159

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2024/25.

2.7.3 Scenario 3 - C.I. Funded with Grants, Reserves and Loans

Scenario 3 includes the \$2,553,250 CWSRF loan described in Scanario 2. The remaining construction cost would be paid for using \$500,000 from the available C.I. reserves and acquiring a low-interest loan for \$2,053,250 during the 2015/16 FY. A 20-year, 3-percent interest loan would result in a \$11,387 monthly, \$136,644 annually, repayment plan beginning in 2018/19. Increases in sewer rates also reflect the inflation of operational costs and increased recommended reserves, as shown in Table 2.7a and 2.7b. See Appendix C for the loan monthly fee calculations.



² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ Capital cost of \$2,553,250 to be funded with increasing rates from 2015/16 until 2024/2025. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

Table 2.7a – Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 3 - C.I. Funded with Grants, Reserves and Loans)

2014/15 Budget	2015/16 Budget	2016/17 Budget	2017/18 Budget	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget
\$773,719	\$795,694	\$818,417	\$841,913	\$926,211	\$951,338
\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$160,691	\$160,691
\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$807,068	\$1,329,043	\$851,766	\$875,262	\$1,086,902	\$1,112,029
1165	1185	1205	1226	1247	1268
\$60.00	\$60.00	\$66.00	\$67.65	\$69.34	\$71.07
\$838,973	\$853,235	\$954,514	\$995,010	\$1,037,22 3	\$1,081,22 7
0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
\$31,905	(\$475,808)	\$102,749	\$119,747	(\$49,679)	(\$30,801) \$780,828
	\$1165 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$0.0%	Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$0 \$500,000 \$807,068 \$1,329,043 1165 1185 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 0.0% 0.0% \$31,905 (\$475,808)	Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$0 \$500,000 \$0 \$807,068 \$1,329,043 \$851,766 1165 1185 1205 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$66.00 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$954,514 0.0% 0.0% 10.0% \$31,905 (\$475,808) \$102,749	Budget Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$841,913 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$0 \$500,000 \$0 \$0 \$807,068 \$1,329,043 \$851,766 \$875,262 1165 1185 1205 1226 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$67.65 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$954,514 \$995,010 0.0% 0.0% 10.0% 2.5% \$31,905 (\$475,808) \$102,749 \$119,747	Budget Budget Budget Budget Budget \$773,719 \$795,694 \$818,417 \$841,913 \$926,211 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$33,349 \$160,691 \$0 \$500,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$807,068 \$1,329,043 \$851,766 \$875,262 \$1,086,902 1165 1185 1205 1226 1247 \$60.00 \$60.00 \$67.65 \$69.34 \$838,973 \$853,235 \$954,514 \$995,010 \$1,037,22 \$31,905 (\$475,808) \$102,749 \$119,747 (\$49,679)

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2018/19.

Table 2.7b – Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 3) continued

Description	2020/21 Budget	2021/22 Budget	2022/23 Budget	2023/24 Budget	2024/25 Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$976,741	\$1,002,868	\$1,029,740	\$1,057,377	\$1,145,802
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$160,691	\$160,691	\$160,691	\$160,691	\$160,691
C.I. Costs ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Required Revenue	\$1,137,432	\$1,163,559	\$1,190,431	\$1,218,068	\$1,306,493
Number of ESFR ⁴	1289	1311	1333	1356	1379
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$74.63	\$74.63	\$74.63	\$74.63	\$76.49
Annual Revenue	\$1,154,588	\$1,174,216	\$1,194,178	\$1,214,479	\$1,266,003
Rate Increase (%)	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$17,157	\$10,658	\$3,748	(\$3,589)	(\$40,490)
Available Reserves	\$797,984	\$808,642	\$812,389	\$808,800	\$768,310

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2018/19.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers



² Loan repayments include additional \$136,644 based on 20 year repayment period @ 3-percent, starting 2018/19.

³ Up-front C.I. reserve payment of \$500,000 to be funded from available reserves. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

² Loan repayments include additional \$136,644 based on 20 year repayment period @ 3-percent, starting 2018/19.

³ Up-front C.I. reserve payment of \$500,000 to be funded from available reserves. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

2.7.4 Scenario 4 - C.I. Funded with Rate Increases

Scenario 4 determines the rate increases necessary to pay for the C.I. without any outside funding. The costs would be funded by the C.I. reserve payments over the course of 10 years, as shown in Table 2.8a and 2.8b.

Table 2.8a – Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 4 - C.I. Funded with Rate Increases)

Description	2014/15 Budget	2015/16 Budget	2016/17 Budget	2017/18 Budget	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$773,719	\$795,694	\$818,417	\$841,913	\$866,211	\$891,338
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$24,047	\$24,047
C.I. Costs ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Required Revenue	\$807,068	\$829,043	\$851,766	\$875,262	\$890,258	\$915,385
Number of ESFR ³	1165	1185	1205	1226	1247	1268
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$60.00	\$65.50	\$71.00	\$76.50	\$82.00	\$87.50
Annual Revenue	\$838,973	\$931,449	\$1,026,826	\$1,125,177	\$1,226,576	\$1,331,096
Rate Increase (%)	0.0%	9.2%	8.4%	7.7%	7.2%	6.7%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$31,905	\$102,405	\$175,060	\$249,915	\$336,318	\$415,712
Available Reserves	\$1,114,620	\$1,217,025	\$1,392,085	\$1,642,000	\$1,978,318	\$2,394,030

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2024/25.



² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ Capital cost of \$5,106,500 to be funded with increasing rates from 2015/16 until 2024/2025. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

Table 2.8b - Required Wastewater Rate per ESFU (Scenario 4) continued

Description	2020/21 Budget	2021/22 Budget	2022/23 Budget	2023/24 Budget	2024/25 Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$916,741	\$942,868	\$969,740	\$997,377	\$1,085,802
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047	\$24,047
C.I. Costs ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,106,500
Required Revenue	\$940,788	\$966,915	\$993,787	\$1,021,424	\$6,216,349
Number of ESFR ⁴	1289	1311	1333	1356	1379
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$93.00	\$98.50	\$104.00	\$109.50	\$115.00
Annual Revenue	\$1,438,816	\$1,549,814	\$1,664,170	\$1,781,966	\$1,903,286
Rate Increase (%)	6.3%	5.9%	5.6%	5.3%	5.0%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$498,028	\$582,899	\$670,383	\$760,542	(\$4,313,064)
Available Reserves	\$2,892,058	\$3,474,957	\$4,145,340	\$4,905,882	\$592,818

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2024/25.

3.1.1 Scenario 5 -C.I. Funded Through Grants Only

Scenario 5 would seek to completely fund the construction cost of the C.I. through the CWSRF and other grants. This scenario can only be considered if MSD is able to obtain multiple grants. Increases in sewer rates would only reflect the general reserve payment, inflation of operational costs and the additional \$60,000 annual costs for the new WWTP additions, as shown in Table 2.6. See Appendix C for the monthly fee calculations.



² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ Capital cost of \$5,106,500 to be funded with increasing rates from 2015/16 until 2024/2025. Customer rates would then be adjusted to build Reserves.

⁴ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

Table 2.9 - Required Rates per ESFU (Scenario 4 - C.I. Funded Through Grants Only)

Description	2014/15 Budget	2015/16 Budget	2016/17 Budget	2017/18 Budget	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$773,719	\$795,694	\$818,417	\$841,913	\$926,211	\$951,338
C.I. Loan Repayment ²	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$33,349	\$9,302	\$9,302
Required Revenue	\$807,068	\$829,043	\$851,766	\$875,262	\$935,513	\$960,640
Number of ESFR ³	1165	1185	1205	1226	1247	1268
Monthly Rate per ESFR	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00
Annual Revenue	\$838,973	\$853,235	\$867,740	\$882,492	\$897,494	\$912,752
Rate Increase (%)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Surplus (Defecit)	\$31,905	\$24,192	\$15,975	\$7,230	(\$38,018)	(\$47,888)
Available Reserves	\$1,114,620	\$1,138,812	\$1,154,786	\$1,162,016	\$1,123,998	\$1,076,110

¹ From Table 2.3, includes \$60,000 O&M cost increase starting 2018/19.

Section 3 Conclusion and Recommendations

Table 3.1a - Projected Rate Increase Comparrison

Description 1	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Description	ESFR Rate				
Scenario 2	\$60.00	\$63.50	\$67.00	\$71.00	\$73.00
Scenario 3	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$66.00	\$67.65	\$69.34
Scenario 4	\$60.00	\$65.50	\$71.00	\$76.50	\$82.00

Scenarios 1 and 5 are not shown as they do not include rate increases through 2024/25.

Table 3.1b – Projected Rate Increase Comparrison (continued)

Description 1	2020/21 ESFR Rate	2021/22 ESFR Rate	2022/23 ESFR Rate	2023/24 ESFR Rate	2024/25 ESFR Rate
Scenario 2	\$75.00	\$76.00	\$77.00	\$78.00	\$79.00
Scenario 3	\$71.07	\$74.63	\$74.63	\$74.63	\$74.63
Scenario 4	\$87.50	\$93.00	\$98.50	\$104.00	\$109.50

Due to the high AI at MSD, Black Water recommends that the MSD utilize Scenario 3 and apply for loans, CWSRF grant and/or principal forgiveness loans to cover the cost of C.I.; use available reserves and raise rates per ESFR in order to maintain financial health. Scenarios 2 and 4 are not recommended due to the potential increase in construction costs when reserves have reached their recommended status, and uncertainties in the future available funding from CWSRF. Increased rates as outlined in this report were



² Assumes no additional loan payments. Actual amount is based on the amount necessary to satisfy debt requirements.

³ 1.7-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers

calculated to determine a rate increase that will both meet the proposed budget and place a proportional responsibility on each category of customer. When implementing the rate increase it is important to consider the following points:

- Successful utilities are transparent. MSD should strive to promote its services and needs (even unpopular ones), and continually educate its customers on why it is necessary to adjust rates.
- The ability of the current rate structure to generate adequate revenue will depend on following a vigorous collection and shut-off policy to keep delinquent accounts at a minimum.
- Continued development of a Capital Improvement Plan when the anticipated C.I. have been completed and incorporate the necessary CIP reserve funding into a new rate structure. Failure to save adequate CIP reserves will force MSD to finance a larger percentage of future capital projects, incurring the added cost of interest.
- Establish policies for reserve accounts as recommended above and distribute existing unrestricted reserves accordingly. CIP reserves should be moved to and maintained in the highest interest bearing accounts available to offset inflation.
- Begin the process of increasing wastewater rates to the recommended rates above and review the costs of operation and reserve funding after the anticipated C.I. have been concluded.

Section 4 References

[1] Weber, Ghio & Associates, Inc. (June 2014). Murphys Sanitary District Alternatives Evaluation Report.

[2] Weber, Ghio & Associates, Inc. (July 2014). Murphys Sanitary District Project Report.



Appendix A - MSD 2014/2015 Budget

Appendix B - Capital Improvement Cost Estimates

Appendix C - Capital Improvement Monthly Fee Estimates

MURPHYS SANITARY DISTRICT WASTEWATER RATE STUDY



November 2016

Prepared for:

Murphys Sanitary District 90 Big Trees Road, Suite B Murphys, CA 95247

Prepared by:

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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This rate study was conducted by Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. (Black Water) to evaluate and recommend wastewater rates that accurately reflect the cost to serve customers served by the Murphys Sanitary District (MSD or District). The wastewater rates discussed herein are developed using 2016-17 proposed budget for the operating costs to conduct MSD's normal day-to-day operations, and anticipated operating and capital needs.

1.2 Background

Murphys is a small historical town of approximately 4 square miles in the Sierra Nevada Mountains and has a population of approximately 2,000 residents. A wastewater treatment plant (WWTP), owned and operated by MSD, serves the small community. The WWTP provides equivalent secondary treatment via pond treatment. Disinfected effluent is discharged for agricultural irrigation. This Rate Study provides a financial plan reviewing the District's operating costs, reserves and funding requirements in preparation of the WWTP improvements. These improvements are detailed in the following reports prepared by Black Water:

- Updated Murphys Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Facilities Planning (2016 Project Report) [1]
- 2016 Capital Improvement Project Report (2016 CIP) [2]

1.3 Proposition 218 Requirements

Proposition 218 was established in November 1996 and establishes requirements for imposing any new or increasing property-related fees and charges. In accordance with Proposition 218, the "Right to Vote on Taxes Act", the District may only increase rates to provide necessary services and those increases must be proportional with the serves attributed to each customer. In addition to the restrictions placed on rate increases, Proposition 218 also established the following procedural requirements:

- A notice of the proposed rate increases must be mailed to all affected rate-payers. Notice must specify the increase amount, basis for increase, and date/time/location of a public hearing to consider/adopt the rate increase
- A public hearing to adopt the rate increase must be held within 45 days after the notices are mailed
- If more than 50% of the affected rate-payers protest the rate increase at the Public Hearing it cannot be adopted.



Section 2 Wastewater Utility Financial Planning

2.1 Operating Revenue

The current wastewater rate for customers is a fixed charge of \$60 per month per Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU). This service charge is considered to be the fee for one EDU. Most single family residences are assigned one EDU, while commercial customers are assigned multiple EDUs, depending on the volume of wastewater generated. Revenues from customer rates are the primary source of income to MSD and are the most reliable and stable source of income. Non-recurring revenue sources include: penalty fees for late payments and reconnections; revenue from taxes; interest from reserves; vacant lot billings; refunds and rebates; and other services provided by the District. Total anticipated revenues are summarized in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 – Summary of Current Wastewater Rates and Revenue

Description	Anticipated 2016/17 Service Charge Revenue
Residential	\$630,529
Apartments	\$40,860
Lodges/Churches	\$6,360
School	\$6,394
Commercial	\$169,174
Total Service Charge Revenue	\$799,703
Total Non-recurring Revenue	\$93,700
Total Anticipated Revenue	\$893,403

2.2 Customer Growth

The average EDU for each category of customer determined by the 2016 Project Report is provided in Table 2.2. The 2016 Project Report also calculated an annual EDU growth of 1.12-percent with an additional 45 EDU in 2020 for a new subdivision. See Table 2.3 for anticipated growth trends.

Table 2.2 - Summary of Existing Number of Customers

Description	2015/16 Average EDU ¹ (EDU)
Residential	876
Apartments	57
Lodges/Churches	9
School	9
Commercial	235
Total	1,186

¹ Calculated EDU based on water use rates



Table 2.3 – Projection of Number of Customers

Year	Projected Total EDU ¹
2016/17	1,199
2017/18	1,213
2018/19	1,226
2019/20	1,240
2020/21	1,299 ²
2021/22	1,314
2022/23	1,328
2023/24	1,343
2024/25	1,358
2025/26	1,374

¹Assumes a growth rate of 1.12 percent annually

2.3 Operating Expenses

Operating and maintenance (O&M) costs for MSD are considered to be the day-to-day expenses required to provide wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal to customers. Expenses include administration, labor, water quality testing, insurance, materials, electricity and chemicals. These expenses will increase over time due to inflation and rising energy costs. An O&M expense of \$678,578 has been estimated for the fiscal year 2016/17. Projected annual increases of expenses are presented in Table 2.4.

²Includes an additional 45 EDUs for the proposed Murphys Oaks Subdivision

25/24 projection

1,006,195 24/25 projectión

450,179 23/24 Budget

937,327

719,582 817,943

750,103

422,789

647,587 643,94%

*ctual

1,077,990

Expenses	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2074/25	36/3606
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budaet	Rudnet	Budget	Ca/raus	07/5707
Wages	\$255,750.00	\$261,750.00	\$267,750.00	\$273,750.00	\$279.750.00	\$285 750 00	\$291 750 00	לטטקב בטנט	buaget coch	Buaget
Employee Benefits	\$73,388.09	\$73,388.09	\$73 388 09	\$73 388 00	\$73 300 00	מס ממר כבי	42,730.00	00.001,155	\$303,750.00	\$309,750.00
PR Taxes	\$23.470.00	00 020 665	00.000,000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	50.000,010	67,3,388.09	\$73,388.09	\$73,388.09	\$73,388.09	\$73,388.09
Working of the state of the sta	040,000	525,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00	\$23,470.00
Workman's Comp	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00	\$19,000,00
Maintenance & Repairs 1	\$23,500.00	\$24,205.00	\$24,931.15	\$25,679.08	\$26,449.46	\$27,242.94	\$28,060,23	\$28.902.04	\$29 769 10	\$20,000,010
Operations Supplies 1	\$50,200.00	\$51,706.00	\$53,257.18	\$54,854.90	\$56,500.54	\$58,195.56	\$59,941 43	\$61 739 67	\$62 501 05	\$30,002.17
Operations Utilities 3	\$34,200.00	\$35,910.00	\$37,705.50	\$39,590.78	\$41,570.31	\$43.648.83	\$45 831 27	\$49 177 92	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	403,499.01
Other Maintenance 2	\$39,700.00	\$41,288.00	\$42,939.52	\$44.657.10	\$46.443.38	\$48 301 12	\$50 333 17	20,221,074	\$10,320.30	455,055.42
Rents - Leases	\$7,920.00	\$7,920.00	\$7.920.00	\$7,920.00	\$7 920 00	\$7.105,017	770,233.17	532,242.49	\$54,332.19	\$56,505.48
Administrative Supplies 1	\$11,700.00	\$12.051.00	\$12 412 53	\$12 784 91	\$12.150 AE	642 552 54	00.026,75	\$7,920.00	\$7,920.00	\$7,920.00
Administrative Utilities 2	\$9.700.00	\$10.185.00	\$10.694.75	\$11 220 00	¢11,100.45	\$13,303.31	\$13,970.41	\$14,389.52	\$14,821.21	\$15,265.85
Other Administrative 3	\$36 550 00	\$20,012,00	27.00.000	411,220.30	14.027,114	\$12,379.93	\$12,998.93	\$13,648.87	\$14,331.32	\$15,047.88
	00.000,000	930,012.00	939,532.48	\$41,113.78	\$42,758.33	\$44,468.66	\$46,247.41	\$48,097.31	\$50,021.20	\$52,022.05
Insurance	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	\$18,000,00	\$18,000,00
Professional Services	\$22,500.00	\$22,500.00	\$22,500.00	\$22,500.00	\$22,500.00	\$22.500.00	\$22 500 00	\$22 500.00	\$22 500 00	2000000
License - Permits	\$34,000.00	\$34,000.00	\$34,000.00	\$34,000.00	\$34,000,00	\$34,000,00	\$34,000,00	\$24,000,00	\$22,300.00	\$22,500.00
Marketing	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4 000 00	\$4 000 00	00.000,00	234,000.00	\$34,000.00	\$34,000.00
Engineering	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15.000.00	\$15,000,00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
Total	\$678,578.09	\$692,385.09	\$706.500.70	\$720.937.59	\$735 708 98	\$12,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
¹ Includes a 3% annual increase based on MSD staff recommendations	e based on MSD staff	recommendations		and the same	00:00:00:00	+0.020,0c/¢	\$6.01£,007¢	\$/82,1/0.82	\$798,423.94	\$815,086.55
² Includes a 4% annual increase based on MSD staff recommendations	e based on MSD staff	recommendations								
³ Includes a 5% annual increase based on MSD staff recommendations	e based on MSD staff	recommendations								
	1000	ופרסווווופויממיייי								

Table 2.4 - Projected Operating Expenses

Murphys Sanitary District Wastewater Rate Study

2.4 Capital Improvement Program

MSD approved a 10 year capital improvement program (CIP) in May 2016. The approved CIP is provided in Appendix A. The proposed projects are included in the funding scenarios analyzed in Section 2.7 of this Rate Study. The CIP included a draft project cost for the Wastewater Treatment Plan Improvement Project evaluated under the 2016 Project Report. The final project cost for the WWTP Improvement Project, as noted in the 2016 Project Report, is \$3,987,102.

2.5 Wastewater Utility System Reserves

Reserve balances are funds that are set aside for a specific cash flow requirement, financial need, project, task or legal covenant. A sufficient reserve helps to assure that the utility will have adequate funds available to meet all of its financial obligations, especially in times of varying needs. The current MSD reserve policy is to maintain a reserve balance of \$300,000 in order to adequately cover the following services:

- Debt service
- Operating costs
- Emergency costs
- Capital improvements

2.6 Affordability Index

The affordability index (AI) measures the burden of costs passed from the wastewater utility to the users against the median household income (MHI) for the area and is used by funding agencies to determine eligibility for grants and low interest loans. Many funding agencies look for a minimum affordability ratio of 1.5-percent before approving grant money to low income communities.

$$AI = \left(\frac{Average\ Residential\ Annual\ Bill}{MHI}\right) \times 100\%$$

Pursuant to the 2008-2012 American Community Service (ACS) data, Murphys has an estimated MHI of \$44,377. Under MSD's current rate structure the affordability index computes at 1.62-percent, and therefore, it is recommended that MSD apply for grants and low-income eligible loans for its capital improvement expenses.

2.7 Wastewater Rate Scenarios and Assessment

This Rate Study analyzed three funding scenarios using the information provided in the approved 2016/17 budget and 2016 CIP. This section describes the funding alternatives being considered.

2.7.1 Scenario 1 - No WWTP Improvements

Scenario 1 would not pursue the WWTP Improvement Project outlined in the 2016 Project Report. No increase in sewer rates would be necessary as the available reserves would sufficiently cover the increasing costs of operation and scheduled CIP, as shown in Table 2.5. The adequacy of current rates to meet target reserves would need to be reevaluated beyond FY 2025/26.



Table 2.5 – Scenario 1 – No WWTP Improvements

Description	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budaet	Budaet	Budget
Anticipated Expenses										206200
Operational Expenses 1	\$678,578	\$692,385	\$706,501	\$720,938	\$735,709	\$750,829	\$766.311	\$782 171	¢798 424	\$21E 007
Debt Repayment ²	\$161,000	\$0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0\$	\$0	\$0\$	205	424,000,4	γου'ςτος
CIP Expenses	0\$	\$473,715	\$0	\$173,858	\$0	\$509,119	\$0\$	\$114.536	3 5	C16E 3A1
Total Expenses	\$839,578	\$1,166,100	\$706,501	\$894,796	\$735,709	\$1,259,948	\$766,311	\$896.707	\$798.424	\$980.428
										974,0004
Anticipated Revenue										
Number of EDU ³	1199	1213	1226	1240	1299	1314	1328	1343	1350	1777
Monthly Rate per EDU	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	00 000	00000	2000	2	OCCT .	13/4
		200	20.004	200.000	200.00	3e0.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00
Annual EDU Charges	\$863,505	\$873,198	\$883,000	\$892,911	\$935,334	\$945,833	\$956,450	\$967,187	\$978,043	\$989 022
Other Charges	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93.700	\$93,700	\$93,700
Annual Revenue	\$957,205	\$68,396\$	\$976,700	\$986,611	\$1,029,034	\$1,039,533	\$1,050,150	\$1,060,887	\$1,071,743	\$1.082.722
Surplus (Deficit)	\$117,627	(\$183,452)	\$270,199	\$95,641	\$293,325	(\$220,414)	\$283,840	\$164.180	\$273.319	\$102.294
Reserves Forward Balance	\$1,014,576	\$1,132,203	\$948.751	\$1.218.950	\$1 314 591	\$1 607 916	Hotel	¢1 671 742	220,000	102/2024
1 Colden Toller				000000000	TOCILTOITA	-		\$1,6/1,342	\$1,835,522	\$2,108,841

¹ From Table 2.4

 2 Assumes a one-time payoff of existing debt in FY 2016/17 with no additional payment after

 3 1.12-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers



2.7.2 Scenario 2 - CIP Funded with Grants and Reserves

Under Scenario 2, a Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) grant would be obtained to fund half of the construction costs for the proposed WWTP Improvement Project, which equates to \$1,993,551. The remaining improvement costs of \$1,993,551 would be paid for using available reserves. No increase in sewer rates would be required if the project were to commence in FY 2025/26 when sufficient reserves would be available, however, no additional CIPs would be able to be completed the same year. A summary of funding under Scenario 2 is provided in Table 2.6.



Table 2.6 – Scenario 2 – CIP Funded with Grants and Available Reserves

Description	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	3075/76
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budaet	Budaet	Budget	Budge	02/0202
Anticipated Expenses								Danger	lafinna	Buaget
Operational Expenses ¹	\$678,578	\$692,385	\$706,501	\$720.938	\$735 709	\$750.030	¢700 244	1		
Debt Repayment 2	\$161,000	Ş	Ç	\$	50000	620,00,04	115,0074	\$/82,1/1	\$798,424	\$815,087
CIP Expenses	Ç	C4727	2 4	2	Oct .	000	80	\$0	0\$	\$0
	2		OX.	\$1/3,858	\$0	\$509,119	\$0	\$114,536	\$0	\$0
WW IP Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	Ş	\$2 007 100
Total Expenses	\$839,578	\$1,166,100	\$706,501	\$894,796	\$735,709	\$1,259,948	\$766.311	70Z 988\$	0CV 00C5	23,367,102
								וחויחרהה	474,0014	54,802,189
Anticipated Revenue										
Number of EDU 3	1199	1212	7							
		CT7T	1770	1240	1299	1314	1328	1343	1358	1374
Monthly Rate per EDU	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	ÇED	0,0	
Annual EDU Charges	\$863.505	\$873 198	\$883 000	¢000 011	Ç02L 224	200 1000	200	nor .	na¢	995
20000		20-1	20010004	TTC'7C0¢	4555,534	\$945,833	\$956,450	\$967,187	\$978,043	\$989,022
Other Charges	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93.700	\$93.700	\$93,700	002 505
SRF Grant	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	Ç	Ç	90000	00000	233,700
Annual Revenue	\$957,205	\$966,898	\$976.700	\$986 611	¢1 020 024	¢1 020 E22	0,000	O¢	05	\$1,993,551
			200		+c0,620,44	4T,U39,333	9T,050,150	\$1,060,887	\$1,071,743	\$3,076,273
Surplus (Deficit)	\$117.627	(6100 201)	0040107	100		THE WASHINGTON THE PARTY OF THE	The second second			
Document Towns	170",177	(TOZ'CCTC)	661,0724	\$91,815	\$293,325	(\$220,414)	\$283,840	\$164,180	\$273,319	(\$1,725,916)
icaci vea i oi wai u balailce	\$1,014,576	\$1,132,203	\$933,001	\$1,203,200	\$1,295,016	\$1,588.341	\$1 367 977	¢1 651 767	¢1 015 047	40.000
1 From Toble 2 4					A STREET AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	1	44/00/100	101/TOO/TO	/#CTOTT	52.089.266

¹ From Table 2.4

² Assumes a one-time payoff of existing debt in FY 2016/17 with no additional payment after

 3 1.12-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers



2.7.3 Scenario 3 - CIP Funded with Grants and Loans

Scenario 3 includes obtaining the 50-percent CWSRF \$1,993,551 grant described in Scenario 2 and funding the remaining construction costs by acquiring a low-interest SWSRF loan for the remaining costs. This analysis assumes a 30-year, 2-percent interest loan, which would result in a \$88,423 annual repayment plan beginning in 2020/21. A summary of funding under Scenario 3 is provided in Table 2.7.



Section 3 Conclusion and Recommendations

Due to the high A.I. at MSD, Black Water recommends that the MSD utilize Scenario 3 and apply for CWSRF grant and principal forgiveness loan to cover the cost of the WWTP upgrades project. No rate increases would be required to fulfill the new loan repayments and maintain financial health.

Scenario 1 is not recommended as it does not address the need for the recommended WWTP improvements. Scenario 2 is not recommended as it would draw too much from the reserves, but could be used in the case if a grant is not available.

Section 4 References

[1] Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. (October 2016). Murphys Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Facilities Planning, 2016 Project Engineering Report Update.

[2] Black Water Consulting Engineers, Inc. (May 2016). Murphys Sanitary District 10 Year Capital Improvement Projects.



Table 2.7 – Scenario 3 – CIP Funded with Grants, Reserves and Loans

THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH										
Description	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2075/76
	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budaet	Rudaet	Budge	2023/20
Anticipated Expenses								13655	Jahnna	buager
Operational Expenses ¹	\$678,578	\$692,385	\$706,501	\$720,938	\$735,709	\$750.829	\$766 311	\$700 171	70000	1 200
Debt Repayment 2	\$161,000	\$0\$	\$	\$0	\$0	\$50 C24	בובימטיל	1/17/70/6	4798,474	/80,5184
CIP Expenses	\$0	\$473,715	\$0	\$173.858	0\$	\$509,119	159,631	\$59,631	\$59,631	\$59,631
WWTP Improvements	Ş	\$0	\$3.987.102	Ç	3 5	611,500,	\$0	\$114,536	0\$	\$165,341
Total Expenses	•			O.	O.¢	04	20	\$0	\$0	\$0
cocupady pro-	\$839,578	\$1,166,100	\$4,693,603	\$894,796	\$735,709	\$1,342,405	\$848,768	\$979,164	\$880,881	\$1,062,885
Anticipated Revenue										
Number of EDU 3	1199	1213	1226	1240	1299	1314	1270	2777		8 370 0
Monthly Rate per EDU	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	00000	1	0767	1543	1358	1374
			00.000	00.00¢	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00	\$60.00
Annual EDU Charges	\$863,505	\$873,198	\$883,000	\$892,911	\$935,334	\$945,833	\$956,450	\$967,187	\$978.043	\$989.022
Other Charges	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93,700	\$93.700	\$93.700	\$93,700	002 203	220,000
SRF Grant	\$0	0\$	\$1,993,551	\$0	\$0	0\$	90 (50)	00/100	007,555	993,700
WWTP Loan	\$0	\$0	\$1,993,551	ŞO	\$	3 \$	2	ος - ξ	05	\$0
Annual Revenue	\$957,205	\$966.898	\$4 963 802	\$08E 511	61 020 024	7000	n¢	04	\$0	\$0
		200(2004	Jon'specied	TTO'OOCC	\$1,029,034	\$1,039,533	\$1,050,150	\$1,060,887	\$1,071,743	\$1,082,722
Surplus (Deficit)	\$117,627	(\$199,202)	\$270,199	\$91.816	\$293 325	(¢300 002)	C10F 413			
Reserves Forward				2000	4500,050	(/co'oncé)	114,0014	15/5/5	\$184,897	\$13,872
Balance	\$1,014,576	\$1,132,203	\$933,001	\$1,203,200	\$1.295.016	\$1 588 341	¢1 270 EDE	¢1 474 022	44	
				The state of the s		T+0'000'++	C06/6/7/T¢	276.4/4.16	51.550.679	S1 725 575

¹ From Table 2.4

 2 Assumes a one-time payoff of existing debt in FY 2016/17 with additional SRF payments beginning in FY 2020/21

 3 1.12-percent annual service growth increase to residential and commercial customers



Murphys Sanitary District

Fiscal Sustainability Plan

OCTOBER 2017

Prepared for:

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Prepared by:

BLACK WATER CONSULTING ENGINEERS, INC. 605 Standiford Suite N Modesto, CA 95350 (209) 322-1817





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1 Introduction

This Fiscal Sustainability Plan (FSP) has been prepared for the Murphys Sanitary District (MSD) Wastewater Treatment Facilities. The purpose of this document is to assist the MSD with comprehensive fiscal planning for the long-term management of assets and making cost effective decisions through the creation, acquisition, operation & maintenance, and disposal of the physical components within the utility. This FSP will evaluate the assets associated with the existing wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) and the recommended project (Project) in the Murphys Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Facilities Planning Project Engineering Report Update (Project Report) [1].

The Project includes the relocation of some facilities and improvements to the existing influent pump station and WWTP. The scope of the Project includes the following:

- Complete necessary improvements to the influent pump station for facility access and pumping of wastewater to the WWTP.
- Relocate the headworks facilities to the WWTP.
- Complete necessary improvements at the existing WWTP for screening, aeration, storage, and disinfection.

This FSP provides a fiscal plan for the maintenance, repair, replacement, and expansion of the MSD Wastewater Treatment Facility assets over a 20-year planning period. The objective is to recognize the lowest long-term cost rather than short-term savings. The FSP is considered a living document and will be updated every five years to reflect current conditions of these assets. To comply with the Water Resources Reform and Development Act (WRRDA) of 2014, Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) loan recipients are required to develop and implement an FSP that meets the following minimum requirements:

- 1. An inventory of critical assets that are part of the treatment works project.
- 2. An evaluation of the condition and performance of those assets.
- 3. A certification that the loan recipient has evaluated and will be implementing water and energy conservation efforts as part of the plan.
- 4. A plan for maintaining, repairing, and replacing assets and plan for funding such activities fiscal planning.

This FSP considers these levels of service when determining strategies for the management of the WWTP and its assets.

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Preliminary drawings for the proposed Project is provided in Appendix A. An inventory of the existing critical assets is provided in Appendix B, while an inventory of projected critical assets after completion of the Project is provided in Appendix C.

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Murphys Sanitary District Fiscal Sustainability Plan October 2017

- Minimize sanitary sewer overflows (SSO).
- Minimize sewer rates and annual operation and maintenance costs.
- Meet current regulatory requirements as well as the ability to meet potential future regulatory requirements.



5 Fiscal Planning

5.1 Plan for Maintenance, Rehabilitation, and Replacement of Project Assets

Table 5-1 summarizes a plan for maintenance, rehabilitation, and replacement of WWTP assets over a 20-year planning period. The purpose of the table is to establish a long-term budget to cover future anticipated expenses for the management of the MSD WWTP assets. Costs were estimated based on original equipment costs and recent bids for similar types of assets. These projects assume that the Project has been implemented.

Table 5-1 – Maintenance, Rehabilitation, and Replacement Plan for Existing WWTP Assets

TO STANDARD TO COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P		The second secon		71 71 71 713300
Rating	Description	Years Until Project	Est. Cost, \$	Reserve Required Each Year, \$
1	Laboratory Equipment	1	10,000	10,000
2	Computer Replacement	3	1,500	500
3	Aeration Diffuser Replacement	10	25,000	2,500
4	Office Furniture	10	10,000	1,000
5	Pond 4 Pump 1 Replacement	20	25,000	1,250
6	Pond 4 Pump 2 Replacement	20	25,000	1,250
7	Chlorination Dosing Pump	20	15,000	750

Note: Order of completion of improvements subject to change based on funding availability and potential for failure of asset.

5.2 Funding Options

An important component of a Fiscal Sustainability Plan is to ensure that the costs for facilities are incorporated into the district's annual budget and future rate determinations so that sufficient funding is available when needed. A combination of the following funding mechanisms is proposed to fund future expenses for the MSD Wastewater Treatment Facilities:

- Sewer Service Connection/Capacity Fees
- Monthly Sewer Rates
- Federal and State Grants and Loans
 - Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loans
 - Energy Efficiency Funding Program Rebates and Grants

The primary source of dependable funding for MSD is the sewer rates. A rate study was completed in July of 2016 to evaluate and recommend wastewater rates that accurately reflect the cost to serve MSD customers [3]. The rate study projected sewer service rates for three scenarios, with the recommended scenario including applying for a Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) grant. The Board of Directors last approved a Resolution of the Murphys Sanitary District amending and establishing new sewer utility rates in 2009. The adopted rates were necessary to pay for the operations and maintenance of sewer systems and facilities, to comply with State and Federal guidelines, and to establish a financial reserve.

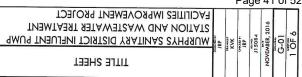
Murphys Sanitary District Fiscal Sustainability Plan October 2017



APPENDIX A

PROPOSED MURPHYS SANITARY DISTRICT
WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT UPGRADES PROJECT
PRELIMINARY PLANS

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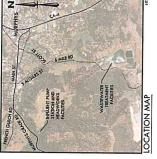
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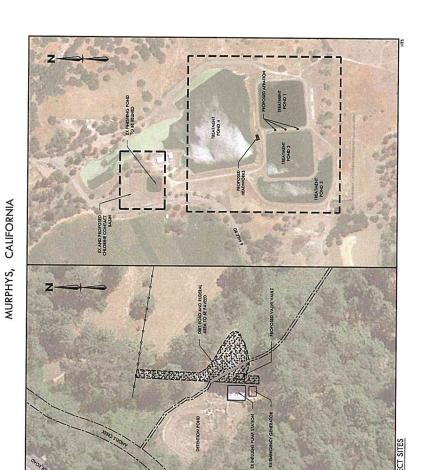
IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

MURPHYS SANITARY DISTRICT

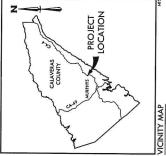


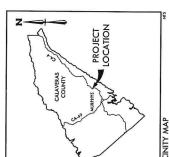






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Page 42 of 52 FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT STATION AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT MURPHYS SANITARY DISTRICT INFLUENT PUMP NOVEMBER, 2 BLACKWATERS, INC.

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OF CALFORNIA, LATEST EDITION, AND ALL OSIM INIID VIEW ALL CONDIDON. WHER DUTING CONDIDONS VARY SCHIPCA FROM THOSE STOWN ON THESE DAYSON, THE DEBUT OF RECORD SAY, HORRID THOST OCHANIED CONTRACTION REATER TO SHALLET CONDITION, TO ETIM CONCENTRACTION AND ELEMENTS TO RESPINCED SAUL BE REFLACED FEATURED TO WATCH DISTING COMMONS. AREA 10 T 17. THE AN ACTEST THAT HE SHALL ASSUME TOUR AND COMPUTE ESTOCHABULT TOTO ACRES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME TOUR ACCOUNTER ESTOCHABULT TO SHALL ASSUME TO ALL THE SHALL ASSUME TO COMPUTE THE SHALL ASSUME TO SHALL RESORD AND FOOTETT, THAT HE SECURISHED THATH. IT AN ADDRESS AND THE SHALL ASSUME THAT HE SHALL ASSUME THAT SECULORS.

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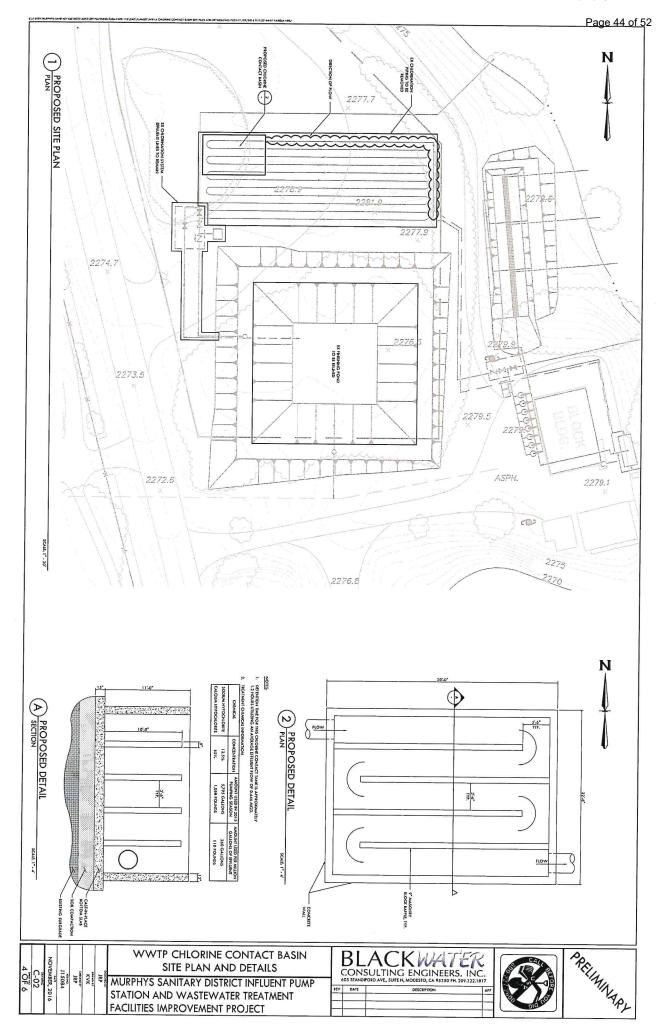
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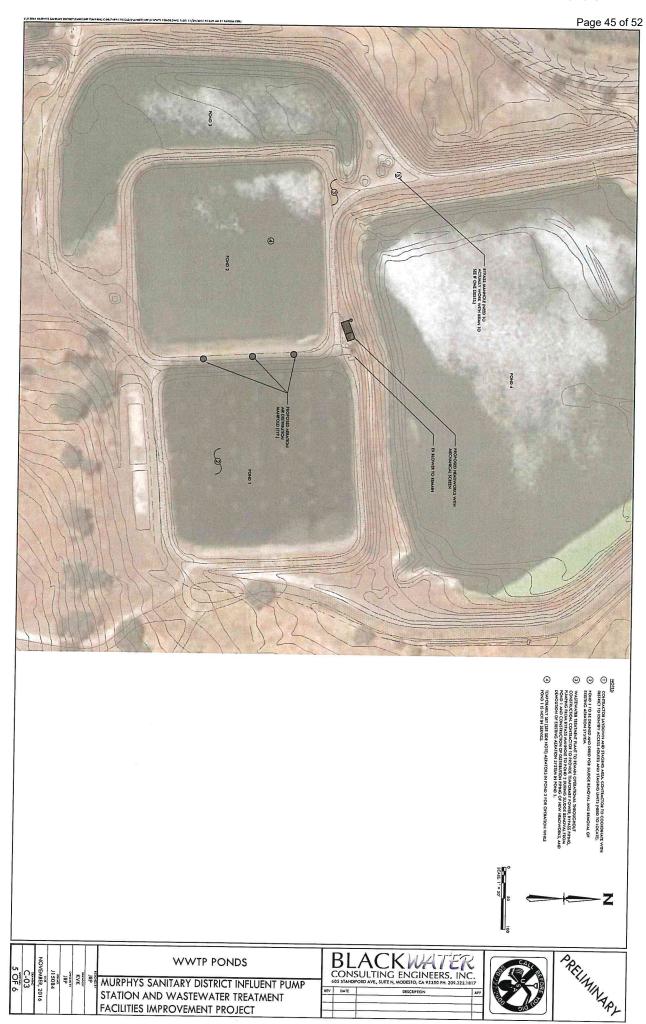
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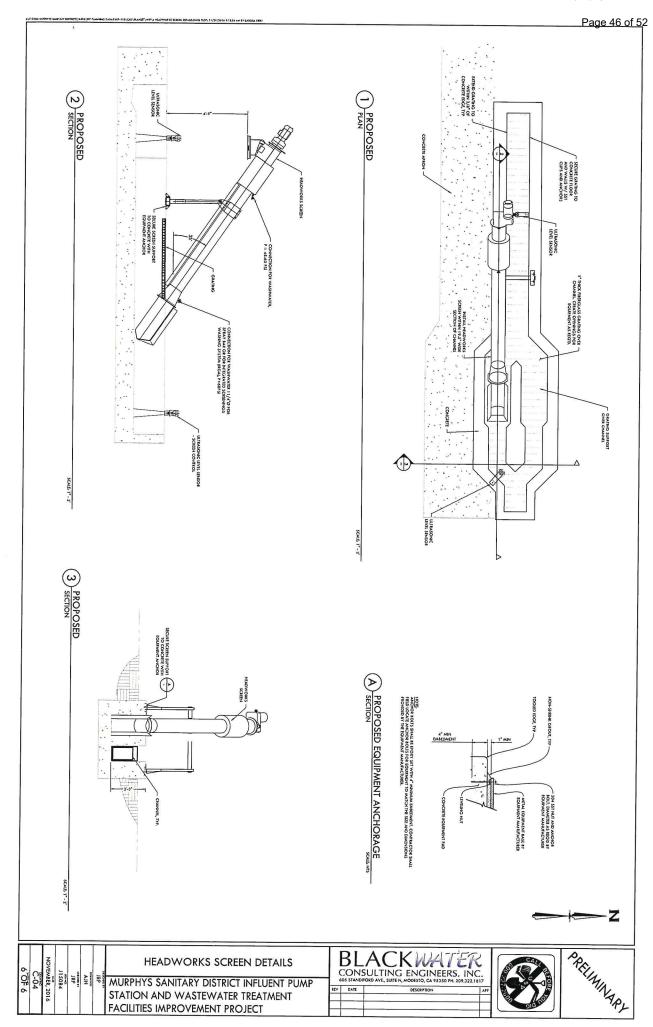
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APPENDIX B

INVENTORY OF EXISTING CRITICAL ASSETS AND BUSINESS RISK EXPOSURE RATINGS

Table B-1 Existing Asset Inventory

Facility Name: Murphys Sanitary District V Current Plan Year: 2017

2017
•

	reatment Assets	Capacity / Size	Material	Manufacturer & Model	Est. Original Cost Replacement	Replacement	Est, Year Installed	Expected Useful	Expected Useful Remaining Useful	Condition	Probability of	e of	Criticality
Aurphys Sanitary District Site (Existing Facilities	ng Facilities)					Cost			0 0 0 0 0		randre	railure	•
nfluent Pump Statlon/Headworks	Structure				000000	000							
	Bar screen	1" spacing		Bar Coroon Mount	345,000.00	360,000	1962	100	45	2	1	2	2
	Comminuter 1	0.5 hn		Chinese Duran Marinal	\$1,000.00	35,000	1984	50	17	-		3	9
	Comminuter 2	0.0		Chicago Pump Model 5X35mn48c	\$3,000.00	\$10,000	1984	25	8-	2	4	2	8
	Commission	0.00		Chicago Pump Model 5835mn48c	\$3,000.00	\$10,000	1984	25	φ	5	4	6	a
	Commitmenter motor	0.5 hp		Reliance Gear Motor Model x93183	\$1,000.00	\$3,000	1984	25	8,	ď		4 0	0
	Overflow Pond Synthetic Liner	132,300 gal	polyethylene	•	\$20,000,00	\$30,000	2006	25		, ,	+ 0	7	0
	Pump 1	50 hp/350 gpm	•	Cornell 4414T-VC18DB	\$11 890 00	\$60,000	2001	200			9		3
	Pump 2	51 hp/350 gpm	•	Cornell 4414T-VC18DB	\$10,000,00	\$60,000	1004	200	4 0	4	4	4	16
	Influent pipeline Force Main 1	8 inch	ACP		\$45,000,00	\$475,000	1962	30	7 6	4 1	4	4	16
	Influent pipeline Force Main 2	8 inch	PVC		637 000 00	6475,000	7007	2 1	07	n	7		2
	Gravity Pipeline	8 inch	DVC		337,000.00	3475,000	1984	75	42	-	2	5	10
					990,000,000	000,6716	1984	75	42	-	2	5	10
eration System	Blower cabinet				00 000 04	000							
	Blower	20 ho/962 ft ³ /min		Substitution of the Contraction	\$6,000,00	000,618	1985	20	18	2	2	2	4
	Air distribution pipipo	11111111111111111111111111111111111111		Surorbili Model GAFLULA, Serial 330485	\$15,000.00	\$30,000	1985	30	6	2	3	4	10
	Sindid lippaging	ulo	PVC	•	\$30,000.00	\$65,000	1985	75	19	6	0		200
	Dinusers	89 ea	polypropylene	•	\$2,000.00	\$4,500	2006	10	9-	2	4		120
and 4 Burnalan Sustain	1												4
ond 4 rumping system	rump 1	15 hp	,	Hitachi VCTI-KK	\$8,000.00	\$15,000	1996	20	7	3	4	6	a
	Fumps	du ct		Hitachi VCTI-KK	\$8,000.00	\$15,000	1996	20	7	6	4	2 2	000
Iltration System	Eilfar tank and components (7 tanks)	40. 4											
	The rain and components (vienns)	40 diameter		Lakos Irngalion	\$25,000.00	\$80,000	1996	30	6	2	3		9
hlorination Treatment System	Sodium hypochlorite tank	400 gal			00000	000	2007						
	Dosing pump and system			Sleppor	\$9,000.00	\$15,000	986	25	4	-	2	3	9
	Contact chamber	48 in	HUEE		912,036,00	000,016	1300	20	-29	2	3	9	6
			2		\$450,000.00	2750,000	1996	20	29	3	2	4	8
Inishing Basin	Svnthetic Liner		polivathylana										
			out of the last		Not Available	\$400,000	1990	25	-5	2	3	3	6
dministration & Laboratory Building Structure	Structure				00 110								
	Furniture				00.000,126	000,000	1963	100	46	2	-	3	9
	Laboratory equipment				35,000.00	\$10,000	1996	30	6	3	-	-	_
	Computer				99,000.00	\$10,000	2005	20	8	6	9	2	9

APPENDIX C

INVENTORY OF PROJECTED FUTURE CRITICAL ASSETS AND BUSINESS RISK EXPOSURE RATINGS

Table C-1 Recommended Improvement Project Asset Inventory

Facility Name: Current Plan Year: Projected Completion Year:

Murphys Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Facilities 2017 2020

Treatment Assets	Capacity / Size	Material	Manufacturer & Model	Est. Original Cost	Replacement Cost	Est. Year Installed	Expected Useful Life in Years	Remaining Useful Life in Years	Condition	Probability of Failure	Probability of Consequence of Failure	Criticality
Murphys Sanitary District WWTP, Recommended Project												
Structure				\$45,000.00	S		100	45	2	,-	2	2
Bar screen	1" spacing		Bar Screen - Manual	\$1,000.00		1984	20	- 12	1	-	3	ဗ
Comminuter 1	0.5 hp		Chicago Pump Model 5k35mn48c	\$3,000.00			25	ep	2	4	2	80
Comminuter 2	0.5 hp	,	Chicago Pump Model 5k35mn48c	\$3,000.00		1984	25	8-	- 2	4	2	8
Comminuter motor	0.5 hp		Reliance Gear Motor Model x93183	\$1,000.00			25	φ	2	4	2	8
Overflow Pond Synthetic Liner	132,300 gal	polyethylene		\$20,000.00			25	14	1	3	1	£
Pump 1	50 hp/350 gpm		Cornell 4414T-VC18DB	\$11,890.00			30	14	4	4	4	16
Pump 2	51 hp/350 gpm		Cornell 4414T-VC18DB	\$10,000.00			30	-3	4	4	4	16
Influent pipeline Force Main 1	8 inch	ACP		\$45,000.00			75	20	2	2	-	2
Influent pipeline Force Main 2	8 inch	PVC		\$37,000.00		1984	75	42	-	2	5	10
Gravity Pipeline	8 inch	PVC		\$50,000.00	\$175,000		75	42	1	2	5	10
Pump Station Structure (wet well, valve vault, appurtenances)	purtenances)			\$350,000			75	78	1	1	4	4
Pump Station Piping and valves				\$100,000	\$100,000.00	2020	20	53	1	2	3	9
Pump 3	50 hp/400 gpm			\$50,000			30	33	-	2	4	8
Pump 4	50 hp/400 gpm			\$50,000			30	33	-	2	4	8
Electrical				\$75,000	Ш		30	33	,	2	4	80
Paved entrance				\$22,000	\$22,000	2020	20	53	-		1	1
				-			ļ	***				
Suncture				\$235,000	3235,000		0	8/	-	-	3	9
screen/washer/compactor				\$125,000	1		30	33	-	2	3	9
Bar screen		galvanized steel	Bar Screen - custom	\$5,000	\$5,000	2020	20	53	-	-	2	2
Electrical				\$120,000			30	33	-	-	3	9
Blower cabinet				\$8,000			20	188	2	2	2	4
Blower	20 hp		Sutorbilt Model GAFLDLA, Serial 330485	\$40,000	\$40,000	2020	30	33	,	3	4	12
Air distribution piping		PVC		\$75,000			75	78	-	,	4	4
Diffusers	89 ea	polypropylene		\$25,000			10	13	1	3	2	9
Pump 1 w/vid	30 hp		Hitachi	\$25,000	\$25,000	2020	20	23	-	3	3	6
Pump 2 w/vid	30 hp		Hitachi	\$25,000			20	23	-	6	3	o
Solar mixer 1	solar		Solar Bee	\$60,000			30	33	1	2	2	4
Solar mixer 2	solar		Solar Bee	\$60,000			30	33	-	2	2	4
Filler tank and components	48" diameter		Lakos Irrigation	\$25,000.00	\$80,000	1996	30	6	2	2	-	2
Sodium hypochlorite tank	400 gal		•	\$15,000			25	28	,	-	3	6
Dosing pump and system			Stenner	\$12,058			20	23	-	2	3	9
Contact chamber structure		Concrete		\$300,000.00	\$300,000	2020	90	53	1	6	4	12
Synthetic Liner		polyethylene		\$400,000.00	\$65,000	2020	25	28	-	-	3	3
				20110						,		
Structure				\$57,855.00	"	1963	100	46	2	-	9	3
Furniture	•			\$5,000.00	1	1	30	6	67	-	-	-
Laboratory equipment		•	•	\$5,000.00	\$10,000	2005	20	89	9	က	2	9



APPENDIX D

FUTURE IMPROVEMENT PROJECT EXPENSES

Table D-1 Future Improvement Expenses

Guidance Note:	1. Future/incoming regulations	2. Major asset replacement, such as structures, table, or interceptors	3. System expansion to provide additional capacity or service and	4. System consolidation or regionalization	5. Improved technology to replace obsolete technology	6. Climate resiliency		Include only projects expected to occur within the payt 20 years	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
Directions: A List projects to be completed	B. Determine how long before the project must	C. Enter the total projected cost of the project	D. Enter "C" in column D for large replacement	expenses that would be funded as a capital project	E. To add more improvement expenses, use insert	function and add rows then copy first row to new	rows to transfer formulas	F. Enter information in yellow cells.	 G. Remaining cells will calculate automatically.

THE WORLD THE WORLD	*	0	ပ	۵	ш		
				R = Use Reserve			
Area	a de la colonia	Years Until Project	į	C = Capital	Reserve Required		Future Revenue
Of pro-illa	Single Control	STE.	Cost	Expense	Each Year	Funds Required	Funds Required
IIIIQEII LO	Pump Station Structure (wet well, valve vault, appur		350,000	œ	\$ 4,487	_	350 000
	Pump Station Piping and valves	53	\$ 100,000	œ	\$ 1.887		100 000
	Pump 3	33	\$ 50,000	œ	\$ 1.515		50.05
	Pump 4		\$ 50,000	œ	\$ 1515		201
	Electrical		\$ 75,000	œ	\$ 2.273		25,000
	Paved entrance	53	\$ 22,000	œ	\$ 415		2000
Headworks	Structure		\$ 235,000	~	\$ 3013		235 (
	Screen/washer/compactor	33	\$ 125,000	æ	\$ 3.788 \$		\$ 125,000
	Bar screen		\$ 5,000	œ	\$ 94 \$		5
	Electrical	33	\$ 12,000	R	\$ 364 \$		12,000
Aeration System	Blower cabinel		\$ 15,000	R	\$ 833 \$		15,000
	Blower		\$ 40,000	2	S 1.212 S	S	3 40 6
	Air distribution piping		\$ 75,000	R	\$ 962		\$ 75,000
O The Contract of the Contract	Diffusers		\$ 25,000	R	\$ 1,923	S	\$ 25.0
Fond 4 Pumping system	Pump 1 w/vid	23	\$ 25,000	R	1,087		\$ 250
	Pump 2 w/vid			R	\$ 1,087 \$	S	\$ 25.0
	Solar mixer 1			R	\$ 1,818 \$	S	\$ 60.0
Ciltodian Sustan	Solar mixer 2		\$ 60,000	R	\$ 1,818		\$ 60,000
Chlorination Troolmant State	riller tank and components			R	\$ 8,889 \$	S	\$ 80.0
Charles of the street of stelling	South Hypochione Lank		\$ 15,000	æ	\$ 236 \$	s	\$ 15,000
	Dosing pump and system	23	15,000	R	\$ 652	S	\$ 15.0
aison and Asiain	Contact chamber structure	53	300,000	R	2,660		300,000
Administration of the second	Synthetic Liner	28	92,000	æ	\$ 2,321	S	\$ 65,000
Administration & Laboratory Building	Structure	46	100,000	R	\$ 2,174 \$		\$ 100,000
	Furniture	6		ď	1,111	S	\$ 10.000
	Laboratory equipment	8	\$ 10,000	æ	\$ 1,250		\$ 10.000
	Computer	-	1,500	R	\$ 1,500		1,500
	lotal Improvement Expense Required in the Current Year	ent Year			\$ 54,185		
	Total Firther Capital or Boyconia Sunda Bornitad						

	*	n	ပ	۵	ш	L	ш
				R = Use Reserve			
Area	Project	Years Until Project	į	C = Capital	9	Future Capital	Future Revenue
Apration Custom		musi begin	Cost	Expense	Each Year	Funds Required	Funds Required
Acidion System	blower capinet	18	\$ 15,000	œ	\$ 833	- 8	3 15 000
	Diffusers	13	\$ 25,000	α	1 4933		30030
Pond 4 Pumping System	Pump 1 w/vfd	23	\$ 25,000	Cr.	7001		000'67
	Pump 2 w/vfd	23	25,000	0	1,007		000'67
Filtration System	Filter tank and components	0	20,000	2 0	100'1		\$ 25,000
Chlorination Treatment System	Sodium hypochlorite tank	200	000,000	2	8,889	,	\$ 80,000
	Contain hypochione fairs	97	15,000	R	536		S 15.000
	Dosing pump and system	23	\$ 15,000	R	\$ 652	· ·	15,000
Finishing Basin	Synthetic Liner	28	65,000	a	1000		000
Administration & Laboratory Building	Firmitina	2	000,00		\$ 2,321		\$ 65,000
Summer of teams of the second	animum .	n	10,000	×	1,111		10.000
	Laboratory equipment	8	\$ 10,000	æ	\$ 1.250		10,000
	Computer	1	S 1,500	×	1.500		1 500
	Total Improvement Expense Required in the Current Year	rent Year			\$ 21.190		200-1
	Total Future Capital or Revenue Funds Required						\$ 286 500